To: Insurance

By: Representative Stevens

HOUSE BILL NO. 46

- AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 83-19-51, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROHIBIT A DOMESTIC INSURANCE COMPANY FROM LOANING CERTAIN 3 FUNDS OR INVESTMENTS TO ANY STOCKHOLDER, OFFICER OR DIRECTOR OF THE COMPANY; TO AMEND SECTION 83-19-31, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972,
- 5 IN CONFORMITY THERETO; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 7 SECTION 1. Section 83-19-51, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- amended as follows:
- 83-19-51. (1) A domestic insurance company may invest its 9
- capital, surplus, and other funds, or certain parts thereof, in 10
- the following: 11
- (a) Bonds or other evidence of indebtedness of the 12
- 13 United States, of any state of the United States, of the Dominion
- 14 of Canada, or of any province thereof.
- (b) Bonds or other evidence of indebtedness of any 15
- county, city, town, village, school district, municipal district, 16
- or other civil district within the United States or the Dominion 17
- of Canada. 18
- (c) Bonds or notes secured by mortgages or deeds of 19
- trust upon unencumbered real estate in the United States or 20
- 21 Dominion of Canada worth at least thirty-three and one-third
- percent (33-1/3%) more than the amount loaned thereon, and may 22
- also loan upon the security of improved unencumbered real property 23
- in any state, provided the security be eligible for insurance and 2.4
- 25 be insured under provisions of the National Housing Act and any
- amendments thereto. Where improvements on the land constitute a 26
- 27 part of the value on which the loan is made, the improvements

shall be insured against fire and tornado for the benefit of the mortgagee, in an amount not less than the difference between seventy-five percent (75%) of the value of the land and the amount

31 of the loan. For the purposes of this subsection (c), real estate

32 shall not be deemed to be encumbered within the meaning of this

33 section by reason of the existence of taxes or assessments that

34 are not delinquent, instruments creating or reserving mineral,

35 oil, or timber rights, rights-of-way, joint driveways, sewer

36 rights, rights in walls, or other comparable or similar

37 instruments, rights, restrictions, and covenants, nor by reason of

38 building restrictions or restrictive covenants, nor when such real

39 estate is subject to lease in whole or in part whereby rents or

profits are reserved to the owner, provided such lease and the

41 notes for rent given thereunder be assigned by the lessor to the

42 company.

40

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

which are secured by mortgages, security deeds, vendor's liens, or deeds of trust upon leasehold estates having an unexpired term of twenty-five (25) years or longer in improved unencumbered real estate in the United States worth at least thirty-three and one-third percent (33-1/3%) more than the amount loaned thereon. For the purposes of this subsection (d), the real estate on which such leasehold estate exists shall not be deemed to be encumbered within the meaning of this section by reason of the existence of taxes or assessments that are not delinquent, instruments creating or reserving mineral, oil, or timber rights, rights-of-way, joint driveways, sewer rights, rights in walls, or other comparable or similar instruments, rights, restrictions, and covenants, nor by reason of building restrictions or restrictive covenants.

57 In bankers' acceptances and bills of exchange of the kinds and maturities made eligible by law for rediscount with 58 Federal Reserve banks, provided that the same are accepted by a 59 60 bank or trust company incorporated under the laws of the United 61 States, of this commonwealth, or by any other bank or trust 62 company which is a member of the Federal Reserve system. 63 not more than ten percent (10%) of the admitted assets shall be so 64 invested.

65 (f) Stock in Federal Home Loan Bank, or bonds, debentures, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness, or the 66 67 preferred or guaranteed stock or shares of any solvent institution created or existing under the laws of the United States, of any 68 69 state thereof, of the Dominion of Canada, or of any province 70 thereof, if such institution, or in the case of guaranteed bonds, 71 debentures, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness, or guaranteed stocks or shares, the guaranteeing institution, during 72 each of any three (3) years, including the last two (2) years, of 73 74 the five (5) years next preceding such investment, shall have earned a sum applicable to dividends equal, at least, to four 75 76 percent (4%) upon the par value (or, in the case of stock or 77 shares having no par value, then upon the value upon which such 78 stock was issued) of all its capital stock or shares outstanding in each of such three (3) years. No life insurance company shall 79 80 invest in its own stock and may not invest more than ten percent 81 (10%) of its total assets in the preferred or guaranteed stock or 82 bonds of any one (1) corporation, as above described.

- 83 (g) Loans upon the pledge of any of the securities 84 herein authorized.
- (h) In adequately secured equipment trust certificates or other adequately secured instruments evidencing an interest in equipment wholly or partly within the United States, and a right to receive determined portions or rental, purchase or other fixed obligatory payments for the use or purchase of such equipment, provided that not more than five percent (5%) of its total assets be so invested.
- (i) The common capital stock of any bank or trust
  company which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance
  Corporation and has earned no less than five percent (5%) on its
  total capital accounts for each of the preceding three (3) years,
  not to exceed, however, ten percent (10%) of the actually issued
  and outstanding common capital stock of any one (1) such bank or

98 trust company; or a building and loan association which is a

99 member of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Association and

100 has earned no less than five percent (5%) on its total capital

101 accounts for each of the preceding three (3) years, not to exceed,

102 however, ten percent (10%) of the actually issued and outstanding

103 common capital stock of any one (1) such building and loan

104 association; provided that not more than five percent (5%) of the

assets of such domestic company shall be so invested at any time

in common stock of either banks or trust companies, or building

107 and loan associations, or in an aggregate of the two (2).

Provided, however, no domestic insurance company may acquire common stock in any bank or building and loan association in this state when such acquisition will cause the aggregate of such stock held by any domestic insurance company or companies to exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the common stock of such bank or building and loan association.

- (j) A life insurance company may also purchase for its own benefit any policy of life insurance or other obligation of the company and claims of the holders thereof, and may lend to the holders of its life insurance policies sums not exceeding in any case the reserve value of the policy at the time the loan is made and, for the payment of any such loan, the policy and all profits thereon shall be pledged.
- (k) A company doing business in a foreign country may

  invest the funds required to meet its obligations in such country

  and, in conformity to the laws thereof, in the same kinds of

  securities in such foreign country that such company is allowed by

  law to invest in the United States.
- 126 (1) Bonds or other evidences of indebtedness of the 127 Inter-American Development Bank.
- 128 (m) Cash or deposits in checking or savings accounts,
  129 under certificates of deposit or in any other form, or other
  130 certificates or evidence of indebtedness from solvent banks and

105

106

108

109

110

111

112

113

114

115

116

117

118

119

120

131 trust companies and in savings accounts, certificates of deposit

132 or similar certificates or evidences of deposits in solvent

- 133 savings and loan associations and building and loan associations.
- (n) Construction loans, repurchase agreement
- 135 transactions, standby mortgage loan commitments, electronic,
- 136 computer or data processing equipment investments, financial risk
- 137 limiting and balancing transactions, including put and call
- 138 options purchased solely for legitimate financial futures hedging,
- 139 nonspeculative purposes if these transactions are traded upon a
- 140 contract market designated and regulated by a federal agency.
- 141 (o) Bonds or other evidences of indebtedness of the
- 142 African Development Bank.
- 143 (p) Any other investment expressly authorized by law.
- 144 (2) Any domestic company may invest an amount not to exceed
- in the aggregate ten percent (10%) of its admitted assets and to
- 146 further increase such authority by an additional four percent (4%)
- 147 provided such four percent (4%) investments are made in the State
- 148 of Mississippi without regard to the restrictions in, and
- 149 notwithstanding the provisions of, any other subsection of this
- 150 section or of any other act or acts regulating or governing the
- 151 investments of domestic companies.
- 152 (3) Any domestic company may invest an amount not to exceed
- 153 ten percent (10%) of its admitted assets in common shares of
- 154 solvent corporations incorporated under the laws of any of the
- 155 states among the United States of America without regard to the
- 156 restrictions in, and notwithstanding the provisions of, any other
- 157 subsection of this section or of any other act or acts regulating
- 158 or governing the investments of domestic companies; provided,
- 159 however, that the solvent corporation, during each of any three
- 160 (3) years, including the last two (2) years, of the five (5) years
- 161 next preceding such investment, shall have earned a sum applicable
- 162 to dividends equal, at least, to four percent (4%) upon the par
- 163 value (or, in the case of stock or shares having no par value,

164 then upon the value upon which such stock was issued) of all of

its capital stock or shares outstanding in each of such three (3)

- 166 years. No life insurance company shall invest more than five
- 167 percent (5%) of its admitted assets in common shares of any one
- 168 (1) corporation as hereinbefore provided.
- 169 Conflict of interest. Provided, however, no domestic
- 170 insurance company shall under this section acquire common stock in
- 171 any company where the officers or directors of the insurance
- 172 company, individually or collectively, hold an interest in excess
- 173 of ten percent (10%) of the company in which the common stock is
- 174 acquired. For the purpose of this limitation, interest is defined
- 175 as actual ownership, ownership in the name of a trustee, ownership
- 176 in the name of a relative within the third degree, ownership in
- 177 the name of an owned or controlled corporation or business, or
- 178 ownership in the form of an option.
- 179 Provided, further, no officer or director of the insurance
- 180 company shall either directly or indirectly derive any profit or
- 181 revenue from stock purchases under the above subsection, either in
- 182 the form of commissions, brokerage, or the outright sale of shares
- 183 of stock to the insurance company.
- 184 (4) No amount at any time shall be loaned from any funds or
- 185 <u>investments described herein to any stockholder, officer or</u>
- 186 <u>director of the company.</u>
- 187 (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the
- 188 commissioner may, after notice and hearing, order a company to
- 189 limit or withdraw from certain investments, or discontinue certain
- 190 investment practices, to the extent that the commissioner finds
- 191 that such investments or investment practices endanger the
- 192 solvency of the company.
- 193 (6) No loan or investment, except loans on the security of
- 194 life insurance policies, shall be made by any such company unless
- 195 the same shall have been authorized by the board of directors or
- 196 by a committee thereof charged with the duty of supervising loans

- 197 or investments, and no company shall enter into any agreement to
- 198 withhold from sale any of its securities or property; but the
- 199 disposition of its assets shall at all times be within the control
- 200 of the company.
- Nothing in this law shall prohibit a company from accepting
- 202 in good faith, to protect its interest, securities or property
- 203 other than herein referred to, in payment of or to secure debts
- 204 due or to become due the company.
- 205 (7) Nothing in this section shall be construed as affecting
- 206 any investment existing on April 27, 1966; and this section shall
- 207 not repeal Sections 43-33-301 through 43-33-307 of the Mississippi
- 208 Code of 1972.
- SECTION 2. Section 83-19-31, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 210 amended as follows:
- 211 83-19-31. (1) No corporation so formed shall transact any
- 212 other business than that specified in its charter and articles of
- 213 association. Companies so formed must meet the following capital
- 214 and surplus requirements:
- 215 (a) Single-line companies so formed to write a
- 216 classification listed in paragraphs (a) through (n) in Section
- 217 27-15-83, the minimum capital requirement shall be Four Hundred
- 218 Thousand Dollars (\$400,000.00) and the surplus shall be a minimum
- of Six Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$600,000.00).
- 220 (b) Multi-line companies so formed to write a
- 221 combination of the classifications listed in paragraphs (a)
- 222 through (n) in Section 27-15-83, the minimum capital requirement
- 223 shall be Six Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$600,000.00) and the
- 224 surplus shall be a minimum of Nine Hundred Thousand Dollars
- 225 (\$900,000.00).
- (c) Companies so formed for the purpose of transacting
- 227 the business of life insurance on the industrial plan may organize
- 228 with a minimum capital of One Hundred Thousand Dollars
- 229 (\$100,000.00) and a minimum surplus of Fifty Thousand Dollars

- 230 (\$50,000.00).
- 231 An industrial life insurer shall be limited to the following:
- 232 1. A life insurance policy, in the aggregate value
- of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) in death benefits, exclusive
- 234 of multiple indemnity benefits.
- 235 2. A disability policy in the aggregate benefits
- 236 of Sixty Dollars (\$60.00) per week.
- 3. A policy providing benefits for dismembered and
- 238 broken limbs and/or loss of eyesight in the aggregate of Five
- 239 Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) per policy year.
- 4. A policy which provides benefits for the
- 241 payment for or furnishing of hospitalization, drugs, attending
- 242 physicians and surgical costs in the aggregate of Three Thousand
- 243 Five Hundred Dollars (\$3,500.00) per policy year.
- 244 (d) All mutual and reciprocal companies shall possess
- 245 at the time of initial license and maintain thereafter a surplus,
- 246 after deductions for services, in an amount equal to the capital
- 247 and surplus requirements of a stock company writing similar lines
- 248 of insurance.
- (e) If at any time the surplus of such domestic company
- 250 or association shall be less than the minimum surplus noted above,
- 251 such company or association shall be considered impaired; and it
- 252 shall be the duty of the officers of such company or association
- 253 to report any such impairment of surplus to the State Commissioner
- 254 of Insurance in writing within ten (10) days after such impairment
- 255 occurs. When any such impairment is reported, or if the
- 256 Commissioner of Insurance should determine that the company is
- 257 operating in an impaired condition, the commissioner may suspend
- 258 the certificate of authority and license of such domestic
- 259 insurance company or association to do business in this state
- 260 until such company shall raise or increase its surplus to the
- 261 minimum amount required herein.
- 262 (2) Any domestic company qualifying under the foregoing

- 263 sections shall deposit with the State Treasurer fifty percent (50%) of its capital stock, either in cash or in such bonds or 264 265 securities in which such company is authorized by law to invest its funds. Upon such deposit and evidence, by affidavit or 266 267 otherwise, satisfactory to the Insurance Commissioner that the capital and surplus is all paid in and that the company is the 268 269 actual and unqualified owner of the securities representing the 270 paid-up capital and surplus, he shall issue to such company his 271 certificate authorizing it to transact business in this
- The provisions of this section as to the minimum requirements as to paid-up capital stock and cash surplus shall not become effective until January 1, 1988, concerning any domestic company which was authorized to do business and was writing business in this state on July 1, 1985.
- 278 (3) No insurance company, including any mutual insurance 279 company, organized under the laws of this state and transacting 280 business in this state shall expose itself to loss on any one (1) 281 risk or hazard to an amount exceeding ten percent (10%) of its paid-up capital and surplus unless the excess is reinsured in some 282 283 other company duly authorized to transact similar business in this 284 state or as otherwise provided in the insurance code. For purposes of this subsection, the terms "risk" and "hazard" apply 285 286 to the subject matter of any one (1) insurance policy and not to any one (1) peril. 287
- 288 (4) The Commissioner of Insurance may require additional 289 capital and surplus based on the type, nature or volume of 290 business transacted.
- 291 SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from 292 and after July 1, 1999.

272

state \* \* \*.